

NO EMPTY SHELVES

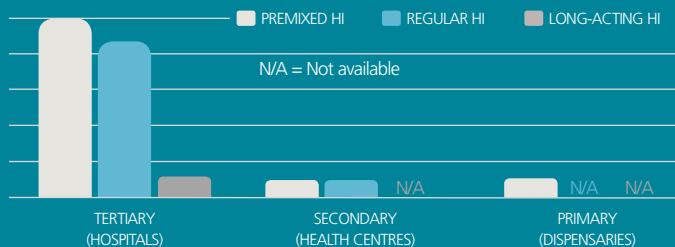
affordability and availability in Kenya's public health system

Essential medicines and technologies for diabetes are often not available or affordable in the public health system.



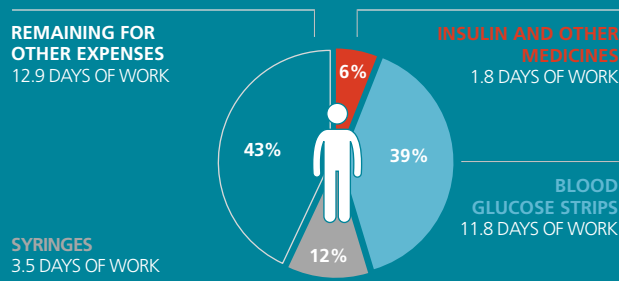
PHOTO: PATH/Eric Becker

Availability of human insulin (HI) is insufficient in the public system, especially at secondary and primary levels of care*



* Availability of oral antidiabetic medicines and diabetes technologies, such as glucometers and blood glucose strips, is similarly insufficient at the secondary and primary levels of care.

A person with type 1 diabetes may need to use up to 57% of their salary towards paying for diabetes care†



† Based on the daily wage of the lowest paid government worker calculated over a 30-day month. Treatment regimen includes insulin, hydrochlorothiazide, Enalapril, Atorvastatin, blood glucose strips and syringes.

No Empty Shelves is a partnership initiative between PATH and Novo Nordisk. The work is implemented by PATH and guided by a technical advisory committee consisting of global and national leaders in diabetes and supply chain management, managed by PATH.